

Blue lines indicate the area meeting the ISRA Criteria; dashed lines indicate the suggested buffer for use in the development of appropriate place-based conservation measures

## DAKUI POINT ISRA

### New Zealand & Pacific Islands Region

## SUMMARY

Dakui Point is located off the southern coast of Vanua Levu Island in Fiji. The area is characterised by a steep reef wall and pelagic waters. The tidal cycle influences the currents, which flow eastward on the incoming tide, causing upwelling at the reef wall. Within this area there are: **threatened species** and **undefined aggregations** (Scalloped Hammerhead *Sphyrna lewini*).

## CRITERIA

Criterion A – Vulnerability; Sub-criterion C5 – Undefined Aggregations

-	_
FIJI	
-	-
0-170 metr	'es
-	-
<b>3.55 km</b> ²	
-	-



# DESCRIPTION OF HABITAT

Dakui Point is located off the southern coast of Vanua Levu Island in Fiji. The area is a famous dive site also known as 'Dreamhouse'. The habitat is characterised by a fringing reef that forms a steep drop-off and includes pelagic waters off the reef. The tidal cycle influences the currents in this area, with the current flowing eastward during the incoming tide, resulting in upwelling at the reef wall (C Skipper pers. obs. 2024). The area is influenced by a tropical marine climate with a wet/cyclone season (November-April) and a dry season (May-October; Jorquera et al. 2020).

This Important Shark and Ray Area is benthic and pelagic and is delineated from surface waters (O m) to 170 m based on the bathymetry of the area.

## **ISRA CRITERIA**

### **CRITERION A - VULNERABILITY**

One Qualifying Species considered threatened with extinction according to the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species regularly occurs in the area. This is the Critically Endangered Scalloped Hammerhead (Rigby et al. 2019).

## SUB-CRITERION C5 - UNDEFINED AGGREGATIONS

Dakui Point is an important area for undefined aggregations of one shark species.

Recreational divers have observed schools of Scalloped Hammerheads in this area since 2005 and it has become a sought-after dive site due to their regular presence (C Skipper pers. obs. 2024). Aggregations range in group size from small (2–5 individuals) to large (up to 120 individuals). Scalloped Hammerheads are usually seen on the incoming tide when there is an eastward current. They are observed in ~80% of dives during this tidal phase, with ~4–5 dives conducted per week throughout the year by one operator (C Skipper pers. obs. 2024). Sightings are year-round with no apparent seasonality. The aggregation consists of males and females, but no individuals visually estimated at <1 m total length are observed (C Skipper pers. obs. 2024). It is possible that females pup nearby, with anecdotal reports of Scalloped Hammerhead pups caught by local fishers several kilometres east of the area. Further information is required to understand the nature and function of these aggregations.

#### Acknowledgments

Colin Skipper (KoroSun Dive), Luke Gordon (The Manta Trust), and Christoph A Rohner (IUCN SSC Shark Specialist Group – ISRA Project) contributed and consolidated information included in this factsheet. We thank all participants of the 2024 ISRA Region 10 – New Zealand and Pacific Islands workshop for their contributions to this process.

This factsheet has undergone review by the ISRA Independent Review Panel prior to its publication.

This project was funded by the Shark Conservation Fund, a philanthropic collaborative pooling expertise and resources to meet the threats facing the world's sharks and rays. The Shark Conservation Fund is a project of Rockefeller Philanthropy Advisors.

#### Suggested citation

**IUCN SSC Shark Specialist Group. 2024.** Dakui Point ISRA Factsheet. Dubai: IUCN SSC Shark Specialist Group.

# QUALIFYING SPECIES

Scientific Name	Common Name	IUCN Red List Category	Global Depth Range (m)	ISRA Criteria/Sub-criteria Met								
				Α	В	Cı	C2	C3	C4	C5	Dı	D2
SHARKS												
Sphyrna lewini	Scalloped Hammerhead	CR	0-1,043	Х						Х		

IUCN Red List of Threatened Species Categories are available by searching species names at <u>www.iucnredlist.org</u> Abbreviations refer to: CR, Critically Endangered; EN, Endangered; VU, Vulnerable; NT, Near Threatened; LC, Least Concern; DD, Data Deficient.



### REFERENCES

Jorquera E, Breda A, Rodríguez JF, Saco PM. 2020. Impacts of climate change and land use on riverine sediment inputs into coastal ecosystems. In: Uijttewaal W, Franca MJ, Valero D, Chavarrias V, Ylla Arbós C, Schielen R, Crosato A, eds. *River Flow, first edition*. London: CRC Press, 2046-2051.

**Rigby CL, Dulvy NK, Barreto R, Carlson J, Fernando D, Fordham S, Francis MP, Herman K, Jabado RW, Liu KM, et al. 2019.** Sphyrna lewini. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2019: e.T39385A2918526.